

cutie in german language

cutie in german language is a term that often piques the interest of language learners and enthusiasts alike. Understanding how to express affection or describe someone as charming in German involves exploring various words and phrases. This article delves into the translation, usage, and cultural context of the term "cutie" in German. It highlights the closest equivalents, common expressions, and nuances that come with different words. Additionally, the article discusses pronunciation tips and examples to enhance comprehension. Readers will gain a comprehensive understanding of how to convey the sentiment behind "cutie" effectively in German communication. The following sections will guide through meanings, synonyms, cultural insights, and practical usage related to cutie in german language.

- Meaning and Translation of Cutie in German Language
- Common German Words Equivalent to Cutie
- Usage and Context of Cutie in German Conversations
- Pronunciation and Spelling Variations
- Cultural Considerations and Expressions of Affection

Meaning and Translation of Cutie in German Language

The term "cutie" in English is an informal and affectionate way to describe someone or something as attractive, charming, or endearing. In the German language, there is no exact one-word equivalent that perfectly captures the informal sweetness of "cutie." However, several words and phrases come close

depending on the context and the relationship between speakers. Understanding these translations requires familiarity with the nuances of German adjectives and nouns that express affection and charm.

Literal Translation Challenges

Directly translating "cutie" into German is challenging because it is a colloquial term with emotional undertones rather than a precise descriptor. The literal translation of "cutie" might be "Süßer" (for males) or "Süße" (for females), derived from the adjective "süß," meaning "sweet." However, these terms can sound overly simplistic or childish if used improperly. Therefore, context plays a critical role when choosing the appropriate German equivalent.

Contextual Translation Approach

In many cases, Germans use diminutives or affectionate nicknames to express the same idea as "cutie." Terms like "Liebling" (darling), "Schatz" (treasure), or diminutive forms such as "Mäuschen" (little mouse) are often employed to convey affection. This approach reflects the German linguistic tendency to use endearments rather than direct translations for informal compliments or expressions of fondness.

Common German Words Equivalent to Cutie

Several German words can be considered equivalents or near-equivalents to "cutie" depending on gender, formality, and familiarity. These terms vary in tone from playful to romantic and are used in different social contexts.

Popular Terms for "Cutie" in German

- **Süßer / Süße:** Derived from "süß," meaning sweet, these are common informal nicknames for males and females respectively.
- **Schatz:** Literally "treasure," a very common term of endearment used romantically or platonically.
- **Liebling:** Meaning "darling" or "favorite," this is a warm, affectionate term often used for close relationships.
- **Mäuschen:** Literally "little mouse," a cute diminutive often used affectionately.
- **Hase:** Meaning "bunny," another playful and affectionate nickname.
- **Knuddelbär:** Combining "knuddeln" (to cuddle) and "Bär" (bear), meaning "cuddle bear," a sweet and endearing term.

Gender-Specific Usage

In German, many affectionate terms have gender-specific forms or carry different connotations based on the speaker's and listener's gender. For example, "Süßer" is used for males, while "Süße" targets females. Some terms like "Schatz" and "Liebling" are gender-neutral and widely used regardless of gender. Understanding these distinctions helps avoid misunderstandings and ensures appropriate usage in various social settings.

Usage and Context of Cutie in German Conversations

Using the equivalent terms for "cutie" in German involves attention to context, social norms, and relationship dynamics. The choice of words can indicate levels of intimacy, affection, or playfulness. It is essential to consider when and how to use these terms appropriately.

Informal and Romantic Contexts

Many German terms similar to "cutie" are reserved for close relationships such as partners, family members, or dear friends. For example, a romantic partner might be called "Schatz" or "Liebling," while a playful friend could be addressed as "Mäuschen." Overusing these terms with strangers or in formal contexts might be perceived as inappropriate or overly familiar.

Children and Pets

Words expressing cuteness are also commonly used when speaking to or about children and pets. For instance, "Süßer" or "Süße" might be used affectionately to address children, while diminutives like "Häschen" (little bunny) are popular pet names. These terms emphasize tenderness and warmth without romantic connotations.

Examples of Common Phrases

- "Du bist so süß!" – "You are so sweet!"
- "Mein kleiner Schatz" – "My little treasure"
- "Hallo, Mäuschen!" – "Hello, cutie!" (playful greeting)
- "Komm her, du süßer Hase!" – "Come here, you sweet bunny!"

Pronunciation and Spelling Variations

Proper pronunciation and spelling of German terms equivalent to "cutie" are crucial for clear communication and correct understanding. While spelling tends to be standardized, pronunciation can

vary slightly across different German-speaking regions.

Pronunciation Guide for Common Terms

- **Süßer / Süße:** Pronounced as [zyʊs] for "Süßer" and [zyʊsə] for "Süße," with the "ü" sound similar to the French "u" in "tu."
- **Schatz:** Pronounced [ʃats], with a sharp "sh" sound at the beginning.
- **Liebling:** Pronounced [liːblɪŋ], stressing the first syllable.
- **Mäuschen:** Pronounced [mɔʏʃn], where "äu" sounds like the English "oy" in "boy."
- **Hase:** Pronounced [haːzə], with a long "a" sound.

Spelling Notes and Diminutives

Diminutive forms in German often involve adding suffixes like "-chen" or "-lein," which denote smallness or affection. For example, "Maus" (mouse) becomes "Mäuschen" (little mouse). These diminutives are frequently used to express endearment and cuteness, similar to "cutie." It is important to spell these correctly to preserve their affectionate meaning.

Cultural Considerations and Expressions of Affection

The cultural context surrounding expressions of affection in the German language influences how terms like "cutie" are perceived and used. German speakers tend to be more reserved in public displays of affection and terms of endearment compared to some other cultures.

Appropriateness in Different Settings

Using affectionate terms such as "Schatz" or "Liebling" is common within families, couples, and close friendships but less frequent in professional or formal environments. Public usage of such terms may be limited to prevent misunderstandings or discomfort. Cultural awareness is key to applying these words correctly and respectfully.

Alternative Ways to Express Affection

Besides verbal expressions, Germans often show affection through gestures, body language, and thoughtful actions. Compliments on appearance or personality may not always involve terms like "cutie" but instead focus on specific qualities, such as kindness or humor. This reflects a cultural preference for sincerity and meaningful communication.

Summary of Tips for Using Cutie Equivalents in German

- Use gender-appropriate forms when applicable.
- Reserve affectionate terms for close relationships or informal contexts.
- Pay attention to pronunciation to ensure clarity.
- Be mindful of cultural norms and settings to avoid awkwardness.
- Consider diminutives to express playfulness and endearment.

Frequently Asked Questions

What is the German word for 'cutie'?

The German word for 'cutie' is 'Süßer' for males and 'Süße' for females.

How do you say 'You are such a cutie' in German?

You can say 'Du bist so süß' or 'Du bist so eine Süße'.

Is 'Süß' a common way to say 'cutie' in German?

Yes, 'süß' literally means 'sweet' and is commonly used to describe someone as cute or a cutie.

Can 'Schnucki' be used to mean 'cutie' in German?

Yes, 'Schnucki' is a colloquial and affectionate term similar to 'cutie' in German.

How do Germans express 'cutie' in a romantic context?

In a romantic context, Germans might use terms like 'Liebling', 'Schatz', or 'Süße/Süßer' to mean 'cutie' or 'darling'.

Are there any diminutive forms in German to say 'cutie'?

Yes, adding '-chen' or '-lein' to words can create diminutives, for example, 'Süßchen' can mean 'little cutie'.

How do you compliment a child as a 'cutie' in German?

You can say 'Du bist ein kleiner Süßer' for a boy or 'Du bist eine kleine Süße' for a girl, meaning 'You are a little cutie.'

Is 'Maus' used as a term similar to 'cutie' in German?

Yes, 'Maus' (meaning 'mouse') is a common affectionate nickname in German, similar to calling someone 'cutie.'

Can 'Liebling' be translated as 'cutie' in German?

While 'Liebling' means 'darling' or 'favorite', it can be used affectionately similar to 'cutie' depending on the context.

Additional Resources

1. *Das süße Geheimnis der Cuties*

Dieses Buch erzählt die bezaubernde Geschichte einer Gruppe kleiner, niedlicher Kreaturen namens Cuties, die in einer magischen Welt leben. Gemeinsam erleben sie aufregende Abenteuer und lernen dabei wichtige Werte wie Freundschaft und Zusammenhalt. Die farbenfrohen Illustrationen machen das Buch besonders für junge Leser ansprechend.

2. *Cuties und ihre zauberhaften Freunde*

In diesem Buch entdecken Kinder die wunderbare Welt der Cuties und ihrer zauberhaften Freunde, die in einem verwunschenen Wald leben. Die Geschichten vermitteln spielerisch Mut, Hilfsbereitschaft und Fantasie. Ideal für Kinder, die gerne in fantasievolle Welten eintauchen.

3. *Die Cutie-Bande: Abenteuer im Märchenwald*

Die Cutie-Bande erlebt spannende Abenteuer im Märchenwald, wo sie Rätsel lösen und Geheimnisse aufdecken. Jede Geschichte ist voller Humor und liebevoller Charaktere, die kleine Leser begeistern. Ein Buch, das Fantasie und Teamgeist fördert.

4. *Mein Cutie-Tagebuch: Geschichten zum Selberschreiben*

Dieses interaktive Buch lädt Kinder ein, ihre eigenen Cutie-Geschichten zu schreiben und zu malen. Mit vielen Anregungen und Vorlagen fördert es Kreativität und Ausdrucksfähigkeit. Perfekt für junge

Autoren und Künstler.

5. *Cuties und der magische Regenbogen*

Eine berührende Geschichte über die Cuties, die einen magischen Regenbogen entdecken und herausfinden, wie wichtig Hoffnung und Träume sind. Die Erzählung ist einfach gehalten und eignet sich gut zum Vorlesen. Ein Buch, das Herz und Fantasie anspricht.

6. *Cuties im Zaubergarten*

Die Cuties erleben aufregende Tage im geheimnisvollen Zaubergarten, wo jedes Pflänzchen eine besondere Kraft besitzt. Die Geschichten vermitteln Wissen über Natur und Umwelt auf spielerische Weise. Ideal für kleine Naturfreunde.

7. *Cutie-Abenteuer: Auf der Suche nach dem Glück*

Dieses Buch begleitet die Cuties auf ihrer Reise, das wahre Glück zu finden. Dabei lernen sie, dass Glück in kleinen Dingen steckt und teilen ihre Erfahrungen mit den Lesern. Eine warmherzige Geschichte über Lebensfreude und Freundschaft.

8. *Cuties und das verlorene Sternenlicht*

Die Cuties müssen das verlorene Sternenlicht retten, um ihre Welt vor der Dunkelheit zu bewahren. Mit spannenden Wendungen und liebevollen Charakteren fesselt das Buch junge Leser. Es fördert Mut, Zusammenhalt und Hoffnung.

9. *Cutie-Kunst: Malen, Basteln und Kreativsein*

Ein kreatives Mitmachbuch rund um die Cuties, das viele Bastel- und Malideen bietet. Kinder können ihre Lieblingsfiguren gestalten und eigene Kunstwerke schaffen. Ein inspirierendes Buch, das Kreativität und Feinmotorik fördert.

Cutie In German Language

Find other PDF articles:

<https://staging.massdevelopment.com/archive-library-707/Book?dataid=kZx90-9243&title=teach-aca>

cutie in german language: A Dictionary of the German and English Languages , 1868

cutie in german language: The Language of Ethnic Conflict Irving L. Allen, 1983 Available for the first time in English, this is the definitive account of the practice of sexual slavery the Japanese military perpetrated during World War II by the researcher principally responsible for exposing the Japanese government's responsibility for these atrocities. The large scale imprisonment and rape of thousands of women, who were euphemistically called comfort women by the Japanese military, first seized public attention in 1991 when three Korean women filed suit in a Toyko District Court stating that they had been forced into sexual servitude and demanding compensation. Since then the comfort stations and their significance have been the subject of ongoing debate and intense activism in Japan, much if it inspired by Yoshimi's investigations. How large a role did the military, and by extension the government, play in setting up and administering these camps? What type of compensation, if any, are the victimized women due? These issues figure prominently in the current Japanese focus on public memory and arguments about the teaching and writing of history and are central to efforts to transform Japanese ways of remembering the war. Yoshimi Yoshiaki provides a wealth of documentation and testimony to prove the existence of some 2,000 centers where as many as 200,000 Korean, Filipina, Taiwanese, Indonesian, Burmese, Dutch, Australian, and some Japanese women were restrained for months and forced to engage in sexual activity with Japanese military personnel. Many of the women were teenagers, some as young as fourteen. To date, the Japanese government has neither admitted responsibility for creating the comfort station system nor given compensation directly to former comfort women. This English edition updates the Japanese edition originally published in 1995 and includes introductions by both the author and the translator placing the story in context for American readers.

cutie in german language: A Dictionary of the German and English Languages George J. Adler, 1883

cutie in german language: Linguistics and Language Behavior Abstracts , 1988

cutie in german language: I Think I Am Laurence A. Rickels, 2010 Aside from its perfect fit of critic and subject, Laurence A. Rickels's book provides the most thorough and exhaustive reading of Philip K. Dick's literary work that exists. He goes through all the novels literally, both the science fiction works and the so-called mainstream novels Dick did not publish in his lifetime. The reader of science fiction should welcome a book like this, which is both knowledgeable of the SF tradition and creatively analytical. I could not put this book down once I began to read it.---George Slusser, University of California, Riverside --

cutie in german language: The Life of Language Sol Steinmetz, Barbara Ann Kipfer, 2012-01-11 If time travelers from the nineteenth century dropped in on us, our strange vocabulary would shock them just as much as our TVs, cars, and computers. Society changes, and so does its word stock. The Life of Language reveals how pop culture, business, technology, and other forces of globalization expand and enrich the English language, forming thousands of new words every year. In this fascinating and jargon-free guide, lexicographers Kipfer and Steinmetz reconstruct the births of thousands of words, including infantries, poz, mobs, Soho, dinks, choo choos, frankenfoods, LOL, narcs and perps. · A word lover's guide to etymology, written in a fun, informal, and accessible style · An excellent resource for vocabulary building; a word's root helps readers understand its meaning · Beautifully packaged paperback with French flaps From the Trade Paperback edition.

cutie in german language: The Oxford Man Roger Fritz-Simmons, 2014-10-07 Two weeks afterwards, Oscar asked Professor Koenig for a second date, oops! German Dialogue! In the meanwhile, he had encouraged Cutie to have one of her dialogues with the professor off campus. Cutie asked the professor to meet her at the same restaurant Oscar had his class. Oscar took Cutie to the restaurant before the appointed time; he did not want the professor to see him for obvious

reasons. The dialogue went well, and the professor took Cutie back to campus. Cutie told Oscar about the wonderful time they had together, and the affable personality of Professor Koenig. Oscar was delighted about Cutie's successful dialogue and the intriguing web he was weaving. He had to prevent Cutie from conjuring up any suspicion relative to the ulterior motive he harbored in asking for a second German dialogue. Professor Koenig's house was a large luxurious palatial mansion. Oscar stopped in the circular driveway; he climbed the marble staircase to a big door that signaled entrance to the palace. He spoke to the footman at the door and then went back down the stairs. Oscar turned around to see the footman opened the door, and goose-bumps with a tingling feeling swept over him. Professor Koenig stepped out in a red dress that accentuated, indeed flaunted, every curve in her incredibly sexy body. Oscar opened the door; Professor Koenig graciously entered the car. As Oscar looked around he saw a magnificent view of the city and the Caribbean Sea below. He was high up in St. Andrew Hills, which was indicative of the unquestioned highest dating peak of his young life. His heart was racing; he was trembling as he entered the driver's seat. He did not put his hand on the steering wheel in order to conceal his nervousness. He sat there briefly, trying to make light conversation; never in his life was he in proximity to such a gorgeous creature of brain and beauty. How could he even begin to communicate on a sexual level with this outstanding woman of power, wealth, and sophistication? While he was in his contemplation, she accidentally touched his leg, and LJS jumped like a frightened puppy.

cutie in german language: Purrieties of Language Edith Podhovnik, 2023-04-27 A fun entrance point to linguistics, this accessible book uses online cat discourse to introduce a wide range of concepts.

cutie in german language: The Palgrave Handbook of Romani Language and Linguistics Yaron Matras, Anton Tenser, 2019-12-10 Romani is the first language, and family and community language, of upwards of 3-4 million people and possibly many more in Europe, the Americas, and Australia. Documentation and research on the language draws on a tradition of more than two centuries, yet it remains relatively unknown and often engulfed by myths. In recent decades there has been an upsurge of interest in the language including language maintenance and educational projects, the creation of digital resources, language policy initiatives, and a flourishing community of online users of the language. This Handbook presents state of the art research on Romani language and linguistics. Bringing together key established scholars in the field of linguistics and neighbouring disciplines, it introduces the reader to the structures of Romani and its dialect divisions, and to the history of research on the language. It then goes on to explore major external influences on the language through contact with other key languages, aspects of language acquisition, and interventions in support of the language through public policy provisions, activism, translation, religious and literary initiatives, and social media. This comprehensive and groundbreaking account of Romani will appeal to students and scholars from across language and linguistics.

cutie in german language: Bilingual Couples in Conversation Silja Ang-Tschachtli, 2022-01-31 This book provides a detailed linguistic analysis of the communication between highly proficient bilingual couples, each consisting of a native speaker of English and of Swiss German. Combining the accounts of ten couples on their language use with an analysis of their actual linguistic behaviour, several areas of the partners' speech and interaction were closely examined. These include their language choice and language mixing, attitudes, expression of emotions, swearing, as well as their humour and laughter. In addition, the influence of the bilinguals' mother tongue and gender on their language use was explored. Thus, the study provides valuable insights into the language practices of established bilingual couples, while also contributing to the fields of fluent late bilingualism and gender research.

cutie in german language: The Dialects of British English in Fictional Texts Donatella Montini, Irene Ranzato, 2021-06-20 This collection brings together perspectives on regional and social varieties of British English in fictional dialogue across works spanning various literary genres, showcasing authorial and translation innovation while also reflecting on their impact on the representation of sociolinguistic polarities. The volume explores the ways in which different varieties

of British English, including Welsh, Scots, and Received Pronunciation, are portrayed across a range of texts, including novels, films, newspapers, television series, and plays. Building on metadiscourse which highlighted the growing importance of accent as an emblem of social stance in the eighteenth and nineteenth centuries, the chapters in this book examine how popular textual forms create and reinforce links between accent and social persona, and accent and individual idiolect. A look at these themes, as explored through the lens of audiovisual translation and the challenges of dubbing, sheds further light on the creative resources authors and translators draw on in representing sociolinguistic realities through accent. This book will be of particular interest to students and scholars in dialectology, audiovisual translation, literary translation, and media studies.

cutie in german language: Family and Politics Christa Baier, 2019-03-29 From parental tyranny to communist control and, finally, freedom in a new world—what a life! I am glad I do not have to go through all that again.

cutie in german language: *Language Contact* Yaron Matras, 2020-09-10 Revised edition of a seminal introduction to language contact, providing an overview of the field and its most recent developments.

cutie in german language: *Lives of the Great Languages* Karla Mallette, 2021-09-17 The story of how Latin and Arabic spread across the Mediterranean to create a cosmopolitan world of letters. In this ambitious book, Karla Mallette studies the nature and behaviors of the medieval cosmopolitan languages of learning—classical Arabic and medieval Latin—as they crossed the Mediterranean. Through anecdotes of relationships among writers, compilers, translators, commentators, and copyists, Mallette tells a complex story about the transmission of knowledge in the period before the emergence of a national language system in the late Middle Ages and early modernity. Mallette shows how the elite languages of learning and culture were only tenuously related to the languages of everyday life. These languages took years of study to master, marking the passage from intellectual childhood to maturity. In a coda to the book, Mallette speculates on the afterlife of cosmopolitan languages in the twenty-first century, the perils of monolingualism, and the ethics of language choice. The book offers insight for anyone interested in rethinking linguistic and literary tradition, the transmission of ideas, and cultural expression in an increasingly multilingual world.

cutie in german language: *The New and Complete Dictionary of the English Language* ... John Ash, 1775

cutie in german language: *A Cultural History of Comedy in the Age of Empire* Matthew Kaiser, 2021-12-30 Drawing together contributions from scholars in a range of fields within 19th- and 20th-century cultural, literary, and theater studies, this volume provides a thorough and varied overview of the many forms comedy took in the 19th century. Given the earth-shattering cultural changes and political events that mark the decades between 1800 and 1920—shifting borders, socioeconomic upheaval, scientific and technological innovation, the rise of consumerism and mass culture, unprecedented overseas expansion by European and American imperial powers—it is no wonder that people in the Age of Empire turned to comedy in order to make sense of the contradictions that structure modern identity and navigate the sociocultural fault lines within modern life. Comical, humorous, and satirical cultural artifacts from the period capture the anxieties and aspirations, the petty resentments and lofty ideals, of a world buffeted by change. This volume explores the aesthetic, political, and ethical dimensions of comedy in the context of blackface minstrelsy, nonsense poetry, music hall and pantomime, comic almanacs and joke books, journalism, silent film, popular novels, and hygiene magazines, among other phenomena. It also provides a detailed account of contentious debates among social Darwinists, psychoanalysts, and political philosophers about the meaning and significance of comedy and laughter to human life. Each chapter takes a different theme as its focus: form, theory, praxis, identity, the body, politics and power, laughter, and ethics. These eight divergent approaches to comedy in the Age of Empire add up to an extensive, synoptic coverage of the subject.

cutie in german language: *BABADADA black-and-white, Română - Babysprache* (Scherzartikel), lexicon vizual - baba Babadada GmbH, 2020-09-14 BABADADA dictionaries are

visual language education: Simple learning takes center stage. In a BABADADA dictionary images and language merge into a unit that is easy to learn and remember. Each book contains over 1000 black-and-white illustrations. The goal is to learn the basics of a language much faster and with more fun than possible with a complicated text dictionary. This book is based on the very successful online picture dictionary BABADADA.COM, which offers easy language entry for countless language combinations - Used by thousands of people and approved by well-known institutions. The languages used in this book are also called as follows: rumänisch, roumain, romena

cutie in german language: Esquire , 1939

cutie in german language: Bloomsbury World Englishes Volume 1: Paradigms Britta Schneider, Theresa Heyd, Mario Saraceni, 2021-05-20 Bloomsbury World Englishes offers a comprehensive and rigorous description of the facts, implications and contentious issues regarding the forms and functions of English in the world. International experts cover a diverse range of varieties and topics, offering a more accurate understanding of English across the globe and the various social contexts in which it plays a significant role. With volumes dedicated to research paradigms, language ideologies and pedagogies, the collection pushes the boundaries of the field to go beyond traditional descriptive paradigms and contribute to moving research agendas forward. Volume 1: Paradigms analyzes the ways in which we make sense of English as a global language, its many varieties and how these come into contact and interact with other languages. It moves the field beyond existing 'models' that are no longer sufficient to describe English(es) in the era of globalization.

cutie in german language: **Languaging Relations for Transforming the Literacy and Language Arts Classroom** Richard Beach, David Bloome, 2019-03-05 Applying a languaging perspective, this volume frames the teaching and learning of literacy, literature, language, and the language arts as social and linguistic actions that generate new questions to make visible social, cultural, psychological, linguistic, and educational processes. Chapter authors explore diverse aspects of a languaging framework, the perspective of language as a series of ongoing and evolving interactional social actions and processes over time. Based on their research, the authors suggest directions for addressing substantive engagement as well as the marginalization, superficiality, and violence (symbolic and otherwise) that characterize the educational experience of so many students. Responding to the need to foster and support students' intellectual, social, and affective worlds, this book showcases how languaging relations among teachers and students can deepen interactions and engagement with texts; enhance understandings of agency, personhood, and power relations in order to transform literacy, literature, and language arts classrooms; and improve the lives of teachers and students in educational settings.

Related to cutie in german language

CUTIE Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of CUTIE is an attractive person; especially : a pretty girl. How to use cutie in a sentence

CUTIE | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary uk / 'kju:.ti / us / 'kju:.ti / (also cutie pie) Add to word list someone who you consider attractive or like a lot

Cutie Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Shirts that say "Princess" or " Cutie Pie" are quite popular. Unique gameplay and bright, cool graphics and a cutie named Ulala make this game a must have (or a must find) for the

cutie noun - Definition, pictures, pronunciation and usage notes Definition of cutie noun in Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary. Meaning, pronunciation, picture, example sentences, grammar, usage notes, synonyms and more

CUTIE definition and meaning | Collins English Dictionary Definition of 'cutie' cutie in British English or cutey ('kju:ti) noun slang

Cutie - definition of cutie by The Free Dictionary cutie ('kju:ti) or cutey n a person regarded as appealing or attractive, esp a girl or woman

cutie - Dictionary of English a person who tries to outsmart an opponent, as an athlete who

outmaneuvers an opposing player: The tackle was a real cutie when blocking on trap plays. a clever or cunning maneuver: He

CUTIE Definition & Meaning | Cutie definition: a charmingly attractive or cute person, especially a girl or a young woman (often used as a form of address).. See examples of CUTIE used in a sentence

Cuttie vs. Cutie — What's the Difference? Cuttie refers to something or someone that cuts, while cutie denotes an endearing person, often implying attractiveness

CUTIE - Definition & Meaning - Reverso English Dictionary Cutie definition: cute person or animal. Check meanings, examples, usage tips, pronunciation, domains, and related words. Discover expressions like "cutie pie", "cutie patootie"

CUTIE Definition & Meaning - Merriam-Webster The meaning of CUTIE is an attractive person; especially : a pretty girl. How to use cutie in a sentence

CUTIE | English meaning - Cambridge Dictionary uk / 'kju:.ti / us / 'kju:.ti / (also cutie pie) Add to word list someone who you consider attractive or like a lot

Cutie Definition & Meaning | YourDictionary Shirts that say "Princess" or " Cutie Pie" are quite popular. Unique gameplay and bright, cool graphics and a cutie named Ulala make this game a must have (or a must find) for the

cutie noun - Definition, pictures, pronunciation and usage notes Definition of cutie noun in Oxford Advanced Learner's Dictionary. Meaning, pronunciation, picture, example sentences, grammar, usage notes, synonyms and more

CUTIE definition and meaning | Collins English Dictionary Definition of 'cutie' cutie in British English or cutey ('kju:ti) noun slang

Cutie - definition of cutie by The Free Dictionary cutie ('kju:ti) or cutey n a person regarded as appealing or attractive, esp a girl or woman

cutie - Dictionary of English a person who tries to outsmart an opponent, as an athlete who outmaneuvers an opposing player: The tackle was a real cutie when blocking on trap plays. a clever or cunning maneuver: He

CUTIE Definition & Meaning | Cutie definition: a charmingly attractive or cute person, especially a girl or a young woman (often used as a form of address).. See examples of CUTIE used in a sentence

Cuttie vs. Cutie — What's the Difference? Cuttie refers to something or someone that cuts, while cutie denotes an endearing person, often implying attractiveness

CUTIE - Definition & Meaning - Reverso English Dictionary Cutie definition: cute person or animal. Check meanings, examples, usage tips, pronunciation, domains, and related words. Discover expressions like "cutie pie", "cutie patootie"

Back to Home: <https://staging.massdevelopment.com>