

CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT

CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT IS A CRITICAL TERM IN THE MEDICAL CODING AND BILLING LANDSCAPE, ESPECIALLY FOR ORTHOPEDIC SURGEONS AND HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS SPECIALIZING IN KNEE SURGERIES. THIS PROCEDURE INVOLVES THE SURGICAL REPLACEMENT OF THE ANTERIOR CRUCIATE LIGAMENT (ACL) USING DONOR TISSUE, KNOWN AS AN ALLOGRAFT. ACCURATE CODING USING THE APPROPRIATE CPT (CURRENT PROCEDURAL TERMINOLOGY) CODES ENSURES PROPER DOCUMENTATION, BILLING, AND REIMBURSEMENT FOR THIS COMPLEX PROCEDURE. UNDERSTANDING THE NUANCES OF THE CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT IS ESSENTIAL FOR MEDICAL CODERS, BILLING SPECIALISTS, AND HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS TO OPTIMIZE CLAIMS PROCESSING AND AVOID DENIALS. THIS ARTICLE EXPLORES THE DEFINITION, CODING GUIDELINES, CLINICAL INDICATIONS, SURGICAL PROCEDURE DETAILS, AND BILLING CONSIDERATIONS RELEVANT TO ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT TISSUE.

- UNDERSTANDING CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT
- CLINICAL INDICATIONS AND PATIENT SELECTION
- SURGICAL PROCEDURE OVERVIEW
- BILLING AND CODING GUIDELINES
- INSURANCE AND REIMBURSEMENT CONSIDERATIONS
- COMMON CODING CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS

UNDERSTANDING CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT

THE CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT IS USED TO DESCRIBE THE SURGICAL PROCEDURE WHERE THE ANTERIOR CRUCIATE LIGAMENT IN THE KNEE IS RECONSTRUCTED USING A DONOR GRAFT INSTEAD OF THE PATIENT'S OWN TISSUE. CPT CODES ARE STANDARDIZED CODES MAINTAINED BY THE AMERICAN MEDICAL ASSOCIATION (AMA) TO FACILITATE UNIFORM DOCUMENTATION AND BILLING OF MEDICAL SERVICES. THE MOST COMMONLY USED CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION IS **29888**, WHICH COVERS ARTHROSCOPICALLY AIDED ACL RECONSTRUCTION. THIS CODE APPLIES REGARDLESS OF WHETHER THE GRAFT IS AUTOGRAFT OR ALLOGRAFT, BUT SPECIFIC DOCUMENTATION IS NECESSARY TO INDICATE THE USE OF AN ALLOGRAFT.

DEFINITION AND PURPOSE OF CPT CODE 29888

CPT 29888 IS DEFINED AS AN ARTHROSCOPICALLY AIDED RECONSTRUCTION OF THE ACL. THE PROCEDURE INVOLVES CREATING TUNNELS IN THE TIBIA AND FEMUR BONES TO ANCHOR THE GRAFT, FOLLOWED BY SECURING THE GRAFT TO RESTORE KNEE STABILITY. THE USE OF AN ALLOGRAFT, WHICH IS TISSUE HARVESTED FROM A CADAVER DONOR, IS OFTEN CHOSEN TO REDUCE SURGICAL TIME AND AVOID DONOR SITE MORBIDITY ASSOCIATED WITH AUTOGRAFTS.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN AUTOGRAFT AND ALLOGRAFT CODING

WHILE CPT 29888 COVERS THE RECONSTRUCTION PROCEDURE ITSELF, THE DISTINCTION BETWEEN AUTOGRAFT AND ALLOGRAFT PRIMARILY AFFECTS THE BILLING AND DOCUMENTATION RATHER THAN THE CPT CODE NUMBER. USING AN ALLOGRAFT REQUIRES PROPER NOTATION IN THE OPERATIVE REPORT AND MAY IMPACT THE SUPPLY CHARGES BILLED SEPARATELY. SOME PAYERS REQUIRE ADDITIONAL CODES OR MODIFIERS TO INDICATE ALLOGRAFT USE FOR ACCURATE REIMBURSEMENT.

CLINICAL INDICATIONS AND PATIENT SELECTION

ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT IS INDICATED IN PATIENTS WHO HAVE SUFFERED ACL TEARS LEADING TO KNEE INSTABILITY THAT AFFECTS ACTIVITY AND QUALITY OF LIFE. SELECTING THE APPROPRIATE GRAFT TYPE IS BASED ON PATIENT FACTORS, INJURY CHARACTERISTICS, AND SURGEON PREFERENCE.

COMMON CLINICAL INDICATIONS

- COMPLETE ACL RUPTURE CONFIRMED BY MRI AND CLINICAL EXAMINATION
- FUNCTIONAL INSTABILITY OF THE KNEE AFFECTING DAILY ACTIVITIES OR SPORTS
- REVISION ACL SURGERY WHERE AUTOGRAFT OPTIONS MAY BE LIMITED
- PATIENTS PREFERRING SHORTER SURGICAL TIME AND LESS DONOR SITE MORBIDITY

PATIENT EVALUATION FOR ALLOGRAFT SUITABILITY

NOT ALL PATIENTS ARE IDEAL CANDIDATES FOR ALLOGRAFTS. FACTORS SUCH AS AGE, ACTIVITY LEVEL, AND IMMUNE STATUS MAY INFLUENCE GRAFT SELECTION. YOUNGER, HIGHLY ACTIVE PATIENTS MAY HAVE BETTER OUTCOMES WITH AUTOGRAFTS, WHILE OLDER OR LESS ACTIVE INDIVIDUALS MAY BENEFIT FROM ALLOGRAFT RECONSTRUCTION. THOROUGH PREOPERATIVE ASSESSMENT IS CRITICAL TO ENSURE OPTIMAL SURGICAL OUTCOMES AND APPROPRIATE USE OF THE CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT.

SURGICAL PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

THE ACL RECONSTRUCTION USING ALLOGRAFT INVOLVES A SERIES OF SURGICAL STEPS PERFORMED ARTHROSCOPICALLY TO RESTORE KNEE STABILITY. THE PROCEDURE REQUIRES SPECIALIZED EQUIPMENT AND EXPERTISE TO ENSURE PROPER GRAFT PLACEMENT AND FIXATION.

STEP-BY-STEP SURGICAL APPROACH

1. ARTHROSCOPIC EXAMINATION OF THE KNEE JOINT TO ASSESS INJURY EXTENT
2. PREPARATION OF BONE TUNNELS IN THE FEMUR AND TIBIA FOR GRAFT PLACEMENT
3. PREPARATION AND SIZING OF THE ALLOGRAFT TISSUE
4. INSERTION AND FIXATION OF THE ALLOGRAFT WITHIN THE BONE TUNNELS
5. VERIFICATION OF GRAFT TENSION AND KNEE STABILITY VIA ARTHROSCOPY
6. CLOSURE OF INCISIONS AND POSTOPERATIVE CARE PLANNING

ADVANTAGES OF USING ALLOGRAFT TISSUE

ALLOGRAFT TISSUE OFFERS SEVERAL BENEFITS, INCLUDING REDUCED OPERATIVE TIME SINCE HARVESTING AUTOGRAFT IS NOT NECESSARY, DECREASED DONOR SITE PAIN, AND POTENTIALLY FASTER RECOVERY. HOWEVER, IT ALSO CARRIES RISKS SUCH AS DISEASE TRANSMISSION AND GRAFT INCORPORATION CHALLENGES, WHICH MUST BE DISCUSSED WITH THE PATIENT DURING INFORMED CONSENT.

BILLING AND CODING GUIDELINES

PROPER BILLING FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT REQUIRES ADHERENCE TO CODING GUIDELINES ESTABLISHED BY AMA, CMS, AND PRIVATE PAYERS. USING THE CORRECT CPT CODE AND MODIFIERS, ALONG WITH DETAILED DOCUMENTATION, ENSURES ACCURATE CLAIM SUBMISSION AND REIMBURSEMENT.

KEY CODING PRACTICES FOR CPT 29888

- USE CPT 29888 FOR ARTHROSCOPIC ACL RECONSTRUCTION, REGARDLESS OF GRAFT TYPE
- DOCUMENT THE USE OF ALLOGRAFT CLEARLY IN THE OPERATIVE REPORT
- REPORT ADDITIONAL SUPPLY CODES IF THE PAYER REQUIRES SEPARATE BILLING FOR THE ALLOGRAFT TISSUE
- APPLY MODIFIERS SUCH AS MODIFIER 59 OR RT/LT IF BILATERAL OR STAGED PROCEDURES ARE PERFORMED
- INCLUDE ICD-10 DIAGNOSIS CODES THAT SUPPORT MEDICAL NECESSITY

IMPORTANCE OF ACCURATE DOCUMENTATION

COMPREHENSIVE OPERATIVE NOTES DESCRIBING THE SURGICAL TECHNIQUE, GRAFT TYPE, FIXATION METHOD, AND ANY COMPLICATIONS ARE ESSENTIAL. DOCUMENTATION SUPPORTS THE USE OF CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT AND FACILITATES AUDITS OR APPEALS IF CLAIMS ARE DENIED.

INSURANCE AND REIMBURSEMENT CONSIDERATIONS

REIMBURSEMENT FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT VARIES AMONG INSURANCE PROVIDERS AND CAN BE INFLUENCED BY THE GRAFT TYPE, PAYER POLICIES, AND GEOGRAPHIC LOCATION. UNDERSTANDING PAYER-SPECIFIC REQUIREMENTS IS CRUCIAL FOR MAXIMIZING REIMBURSEMENT.

INSURANCE COVERAGE FACTORS

- MEDICAL NECESSITY DOCUMENTATION FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION
- PREAUTHORIZATION REQUIREMENTS FOR ALLOGRAFT USE
- PAYER POLICIES ON GRAFT SUPPLY BILLING AND ALLOWABLE AMOUNTS
- COVERAGE LIMITATIONS ON REVISION SURGERIES OR BILATERAL PROCEDURES

STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMIZING REIMBURSEMENT

PROVIDERS SHOULD VERIFY BENEFITS AND OBTAIN PREAUTHORIZATION BEFORE SURGERY, SUBMIT COMPLETE AND ACCURATE CLAIMS WITH ALL RELEVANT CODES AND DOCUMENTATION, AND MONITOR CLAIM STATUS TO ADDRESS DENIALS PROMPTLY. EDUCATING CODING AND BILLING STAFF ON THE NUANCES OF THE CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT IMPROVES CLAIM SUCCESS RATES.

COMMON CODING CHALLENGES AND SOLUTIONS

DESPITE CLEAR GUIDELINES, CODING ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT CAN PRESENT CHALLENGES THAT MAY DELAY REIMBURSEMENT OR LEAD TO CLAIM DENIALS. AWARENESS OF COMMON PITFALLS AND PROACTIVE MEASURES CAN MITIGATE THESE ISSUES.

FREQUENT ISSUES IN CODING AND BILLING

- INCORRECT CPT CODE SELECTION OR OMISSION OF GRAFT TYPE IN DOCUMENTATION
- FAILURE TO REPORT SUPPLY CHARGES FOR ALLOGRAFT TISSUE SEPARATELY WHEN REQUIRED
- INADEQUATE DOCUMENTATION TO SUPPORT MEDICAL NECESSITY AND GRAFT USAGE
- CONFUSION OVER USE OF MODIFIERS IN BILATERAL OR STAGED PROCEDURES

BEST PRACTICES TO OVERCOME CHALLENGES

ENSURING DETAILED OPERATIVE REPORTS, STAYING UPDATED WITH PAYER CODING POLICIES, PROVIDING CODER EDUCATION, AND CONDUCTING REGULAR AUDITS OF CLAIMS RELATED TO ACL RECONSTRUCTION ARE EFFECTIVE STRATEGIES. COLLABORATION BETWEEN SURGEONS, CODERS, AND BILLING TEAMS ENHANCES ACCURACY AND REIMBURSEMENT OUTCOMES FOR CPT CODE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT PROCEDURES.

FREQUENTLY ASKED QUESTIONS

WHAT IS THE CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT?

THE CPT CODE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION USING AN ALLOGRAFT IS 29888.

DOES CPT CODE 29888 COVER BOTH AUTOGRAFT AND ALLOGRAFT ACL RECONSTRUCTION?

YES, CPT CODE 29888 IS USED FOR ARTHROSCOPICALLY AIDED ACL RECONSTRUCTION AND APPLIES TO BOTH AUTOGRAFT AND ALLOGRAFT PROCEDURES.

ARE THERE ANY ADDITIONAL CPT CODES NEEDED WHEN BILLING FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT?

TYPICALLY, CPT CODE 29888 SUFFICES FOR THE ACL RECONSTRUCTION WITH ALLOGRAFT. HOWEVER, ADDITIONAL CODES MAY BE REQUIRED FOR ASSOCIATED PROCEDURES OR GRAFT HARVESTING IF APPLICABLE.

How is the use of an allograft documented when coding ACL reconstruction?

While CPT code 29888 does not differentiate graft type, documentation should clearly state the use of an allograft to support medical necessity and billing requirements.

Is ACL reconstruction with allograft considered outpatient surgery for coding purposes?

Yes, ACL reconstruction with allograft is commonly performed as an outpatient procedure, and CPT code 29888 reflects an arthroscopic outpatient surgery.

Additional Resources

1. *ACL Reconstruction with Allograft: Techniques and Outcomes*

This book offers an in-depth exploration of anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction using allograft tissue. It covers surgical techniques, patient selection, and postoperative rehabilitation protocols. The text also discusses complication management and long-term outcomes, making it a valuable resource for orthopedic surgeons and sports medicine specialists.

2. *Comprehensive Guide to CPT Coding for Orthopedic Procedures*

Focusing on current procedural terminology (CPT) codes, this guide provides detailed information on coding for ACL reconstruction with allograft. It helps medical coders, billers, and healthcare providers understand the nuances of coding for various orthopedic surgeries. The book includes case studies and coding tips to ensure accurate billing and compliance.

3. *Allograft Use in Knee Ligament Surgery: Clinical and Surgical Perspectives*

This text delves into the use of allografts in knee ligament surgeries, emphasizing ACL reconstruction. It examines graft selection, preparation, and integration, alongside surgical approaches and rehabilitation strategies. The book also reviews clinical outcomes and current research findings.

4. *Orthopedic Surgery Coding Made Simple: ACL and Related Procedures*

Designed for healthcare professionals involved in coding and billing, this book simplifies the complexities of orthopedic surgery coding. It provides step-by-step guidance on CPT code selection for ACL reconstruction with allograft and related procedures. The resource includes coding updates, payer policies, and auditing techniques.

5. *Surgical Techniques in ACL Reconstruction: Autograft vs. Allograft*

This volume compares autograft and allograft options for ACL reconstruction, detailing surgical methods and patient considerations. It discusses graft sourcing, fixation methods, and rehabilitation protocols. Surgeons will find evidence-based recommendations to optimize patient outcomes.

6. *Rehabilitation Protocols After ACL Reconstruction with Allograft*

Focusing on postoperative care, this book outlines rehabilitation strategies following ACL reconstruction using allograft tissue. It emphasizes restoring knee function, preventing complications, and facilitating return to sport. The text includes phase-based protocols, therapeutic exercises, and patient education tips.

7. *Clinical Outcomes and Complications in ACL Reconstruction with Allograft*

This book reviews the clinical results and potential complications associated with allograft ACL reconstruction. It analyzes factors influencing graft success, failure rates, and revision surgery. The text serves as a guide for clinicians aiming to improve surgical outcomes and minimize risks.

8. *Advances in Knee Ligament Surgery: Allograft Innovations and Techniques*

Highlighting recent developments, this book presents cutting-edge techniques and innovations in allograft ACL reconstruction. Topics include biologic augmentation, graft processing improvements, and minimally invasive approaches. It is an essential resource for surgeons seeking to stay current in the field.

9. BILLING AND COMPLIANCE FOR ACL RECONSTRUCTION PROCEDURES

THIS PRACTICAL GUIDE ADDRESSES THE FINANCIAL AND REGULATORY ASPECTS OF ACL RECONSTRUCTION USING ALLOGRAFTS. IT COVERS CPT CODING, DOCUMENTATION REQUIREMENTS, INSURANCE CLAIMS, AND COMPLIANCE ISSUES. THE BOOK AIDS HEALTHCARE PROVIDERS IN MAXIMIZING REIMBURSEMENT WHILE ADHERING TO LEGAL STANDARDS.

Cpt Code Acl Reconstruction With Allograft

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cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Orthopedic Coding Guides for Asc's Lolita M Jones, 2005

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Case Competencies in Orthopaedic Surgery E-Book Rachel Frank, Brian Forsythe, Matthew T. Provencher, 2016-01-22 Case Competencies in Orthopaedic Surgery is a centralized, easy-access guide to preparing for cases most commonly encountered during training. Written by expert author teams consisting of both attending surgeons and residents, it follows a technique-based format and design that summarizes the surgical steps, from room set-up to closure, of all cases relevant to the 15 categories of Orthopaedic Surgery Case Minimums as determined by the ACGME. - Forty technique-based chapters boast an outline format with minimal text, high-definition intraoperative figures, and original illustrations. - Each chapter contains easy-to-use tables outlining the surgical steps, essential equipment, technical pearls, and common pitfalls of each case. - Includes coverage of today's hot topics in orthopaedic surgery, such as fractures, arthroscopy, arthroplasty, bread and butter pediatric cases, and basic subspecialty cases (spine, foot and ankle, oncology, hand, shoulder, and more). - Lists CPT and ICD 9/10 codes to help with case logging.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: The Anterior Cruciate Ligament: Reconstruction and Basic Science E-Book Chadwick Prodromos, 2017-05-31 The Anterior Cruciate Ligament: Reconstruction and Basic Science, 2nd Edition, by Dr. Chadwick Prodromos, provides the expert guidance you need to effectively select the right procedure and equipment, prevent complications, and improve outcomes for every patient. Written and edited by world leaders in hamstring, allograft, and bone-patellar tendon-bone (BTB) ACL reconstruction, this revised reference is a must-have resource for the full range of anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction techniques, plus fixation devices, rehabilitation, revision ACLR surgery, and much more! - Covers the latest clinical and technical information on pain control, genetics and biologics, the use of ultrasound, and much more. - EBook access features an exhaustive ACL bibliography database more than 5000 available articles. - Features dozens of new chapters that offer up-to-date information on pain control after ACLR, single vs. double bundle repairs, genetics and collagen type, all-inside techniques, biologics, pediatrics, ACL ganglion cysts, prognosis for ACLR success, allografts vs. autografts, and more. - Provides the experience and insight of a dream team of ACL experts, including James Andrews on sports medicine, Frank Noyes on HTO and ACLR, and Andrew Amis on the benefits of the older femoral tunnel placement technique. - Expert Consult™ eBook version included with purchase. This enhanced eBook experience allows you to search all of the text, figures, Q&As, and references from the book on a variety of devices.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Cpt-4 Outpatient Coding Reference and Study Guide 2012 Rhit Kobayashi, 2012-05

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: *The Anterior Cruciate Ligament* Chadwick C. Prodromos, 2008 This book presents clinical and technical information on the full range of anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction techniques. It gives detailed coverage of hamstring, allograft and bone-tendon-bone (BTB) ACL reconstruction (including single versus double bundle techniques), and hamstring graft harvesting; plus fixation devices, rehabilitation, revision ACLR surgery, and more. Surgical technique videos on the DVD help you hone and refine your skill set.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: ACL Surgery Bernard R. Bach, 2010 This book offers valuable technical pearls on how to perform ACL surgery with reliable and tested results, as well as an efficient way to review the surgical treatment of the torn ACL. Dr. Bernard R. Bach, Jr. and Dr. Matthew T. Provencher present a user-friendly and clinically relevant book that covers both primary and revision ACL surgery. Covered inside is essential information on how to approach the patient with a failed primary and revision ACL surgery, examination and radiographic workup, and revision ACL construction. Over 55 contributors describe each procedural step in a logical and precise manner, while combining clinical and technical pearls.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: The Effects of Age on Allograft Use in Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Suzanne Bagin, Cornell University. Weill Cornell Graduate School of Medical Sciences, 2014 Problem: The advantages of anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction surgery after ACL rupture are well documented, but a multifactorial question crucial to successful surgical outcome remains: what type of graft should the surgeon use? There is significant heterogeneity in ACL graft choice by surgeons in the US for younger patients. Surgeons employ both allografts and autografts according to their preference. Although there is data to suggest that clinical outcomes of ACL reconstruction with allograft are inferior in younger patients, the use of allograft remains prevalent in this population. This is largely due to the lack of donor site morbidity, ease of procedure and availability of good quality allograft tissue. The purpose of this literature review is to evaluate the factors associated with graft failure after ACL reconstruction and its relation to the use of allografts. Methods: A Medline search using the online resources of the Weill Cornell Medical College Library was conducted for articles that investigated ACL reconstruction graft choice and outcome. Only full text, English journal articles were selected for this literature review. Results: There are several studies that show poor outcomes when using an allograft in patients under 40 years of age. There continue to be discrepancies about what graft to use in each patient. Conclusion: A better understanding of the efficacy of allografts on patients under 40 years old will help reduce the failure rate after ACL reconstruction. This can be accomplished with a randomized controlled trial.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: ACL Graft and Fixation Choices Jon K. Sekiya, Steven B. Cohen, 2007 The October 2007 edition of Clinics in Sports Medicine will focus on anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction graft selection and graft fixation. The twelve chapters will be written by some of the world's foremost experts on ACL reconstruction. The topics will specifically include the use of: ipsilateral and contralateral patella tendon autograft, hamstring autograft, quadriceps tendon autograft, and freeze-dried patella tendon allograft. Included will be a chapter on the clinical results of autograft and allograft and a section on allograft safety for ACL reconstruction. In addition, there will be a special chapter on anatomic double bundle ACL reconstruction. Finally, the topics of biomechanics of graft fixation, comparison of aperture and peripheral fixation, and the biology of graft healing in ACL reconstruction will be included. This special edition of Clinics will include some of the most interesting and debated topics associated with ACL reconstruction today.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Anatomic ACL Reconstruction, An Issue of Clinics in Sports Medicine Freddie H. Fu, Volker Musahl, 2013-01-28 The Adult ACL world is constantly changing and is in need of continual updates; approximately 60,000-75,000 ACL reconstructions are performed annually in the United States. Dr. Freddie Fu just held a world-wide symposium on this topic and is considered the expert. In the Clinics survey sent in the fall of 2010, survey takers were most interested in seeing an issue on ACL repair and injury prevention.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Clinical Outcome and Failure Risk Comparison

Between the Use of Autograft and Allograft Tissue in ACL Reconstruction Surgeries , 2009 Abstract: Background: The use of both autograft as well as allograft tissue in anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction surgeries, performed by present day surgeons in patients of a wide age range, is prevalent. However, failure risks in such surgeries depend on a multitude of factors. In order to appropriately use the more suitable type of tissue in patients of ACL reconstruction surgeries, some of the main factors affecting failure risks are investigated. Procedures: Extensive data regarding ACL reconstruction surgery patients was collected through MOON (Multi-Center Orthopedic Outcomes Network) patient questionnaires and surgeon forms. The data processing was completed in three parts. In the first part, the occurrence of re-tear in ACL reconstruction patients with allografts vs. those with autografts was determined as a binary outcome (tear/no tear). In addition, a logistic regression was done on any patient-associated factors that are related to incidence of re-tear. The second part of the study was focused on the evaluation of a dependent variable defined as time to re-tear in allograft ACL reconstructions, and investigating, using a Cox regression, its link to factors such as gender, age, and graft preparation criteria. Finally, the last part of the study is part of a survival analysis comparison between the time to re-tear of allografts and autografts (failure rates) in terms of the implications of factors such as the Marx score, gender and age. Outcome: Firstly, allograft reconstructions were 3.242 times more likely to re-tear than autografts and the factors of age and graft type (auto/allo) significantly contributed to incidence of re-tear. Secondly, graft preparation factors showed no significant effect on the time to re-tear of allograft ACL reconstructions. Finally, in the third part of the study, the relative risk of re-tear in allograft reconstructions is 2.283 times higher than autograft ones with age affecting relative re-tear risk, while failure rates (times to re-tear) were similar between the two grafts. Conclusion: Generally, allografts have a higher risk of re-tear than autografts. In addition to that, age is a significant factor in affecting risk of re-tear.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: *Revision ACL Reconstruction* Robert G. Marx, 2013-09-05 Although anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction has a high success rate, a substantial number of patients are left with unsatisfactory results. *Revision ACL Reconstruction: Indications and Technique* provides detailed strategies for planning and executing revision ACL reconstructions. Concise chapters by a leading group of international orthopedic surgeons cover the diagnosis of failed ACL reconstruction, patient evaluation, preoperative planning for revision ACL surgery and complex technical considerations.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: *ACL Injury and Its Treatment* Mitsuo Ochi, Konsei Shino, Kazunori Yasuda, Masahiro Kurosaka, 2016-06-30 This volume presents detailed information on surgically relevant anatomy and histology of the anterior cruciate ligament (ACL), biomechanics, diagnostics, and ACL reconstruction. In light of the growing body of evidence demonstrating the advantages of anatomic ACL reconstruction over traditional methods, there are also discussions of single anteromedial bundle reconstruction and anatomic ACL reconstruction with abundant descriptions of experimental and clinical studies. In addition, particular attention is given not only to techniques such as ACL augmentation, bone-patella tendon-bone reconstruction and computer-assisted navigation, but it also presents expert analysis of revision of ACL reconstruction, complications, and the future perspectives of ACL reconstruction. Edited by authoritative orthopedic surgeon from the Japanese Orthopaedic Society of Knee, Arthroscopy and Sports Medicine (JOSKAS), this book provides up-to-date information for orthopedic surgeons and physical therapists specializing in the ACL. The research evidence will broaden readers' understanding and enable them to optimize outcomes for patients. As ACL rupture is a common injury especially for high-level athletes, it will also attract sports trainers and team physicians who are interested in a recent update on this field.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Controversies in ACL Reconstruction, An Issue of Clinics in Sports Medicine Darren L. Johnson, 2016-11-23 ACL reconstruction remains one of the most common orthopedic procedures performed today. This issue will discuss controversies that can arise. Articles to be included are: Diagnosis of ACL Injury: Epidemiology,

mechanism of injury patterns, history, PE, and ancillary test findings including x-ray and MRI; Anatomy of the ACL: Gross, arthroscopic, and Radiographic as a basis of ACL surgery; Graft selection in ACL surgery: Who gets what and why; Management of the ACL injured knee in the skeletally immature athlete; Indications for Two-incision (outside in) ACL Surgery and many more exciting articles!

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Controversies in the Technical Aspects of ACL Reconstruction Norimasa Nakamura, Stefano Zaffagnini, Robert G. Marx, Volker Musahl, 2017-03-21 This book provides the reader with the best available evidence on the most pressing issues relating to reconstruction of the anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) with the goal of supporting surgical reconstruction of the ACL and improving outcomes for patients. Key topics for which evidence-based information is presented include selection of graft material and source, the use of different surgical techniques, graft rupture in relation to surgical technique, and progression to osteoarthritis. The book will aid the surgeon in making decisions with respect to fixation devices and tensioning, the bundles to be reconstructed, and whether to preserve remnants or partial bundle ruptures. An evidence-based stance is taken on evolving topics such as the anatomy of the tibial insertion site of the ACL and the role of the anterolateral capsule and posteromedial corner in high-grade rotatory instability. Furthermore, novel technical developments for measurement of knee laxity and soft tissue navigation are discussed. The reader will also find useful information on general issues concerning physical examination, arthroscopic setup, timing of reconstruction, anesthesia, and anticoagulation.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Ligament Reconstructions L'hocine Yahia, 2021-04-12 The ACL or anterior cruciate ligament is the most important ligament in the knee. When it is completely torn, it can lead to instability or buckling of the knee. There are several options to choose from when selecting a graft for ACL reconstruction such as using autografts including patellar tendon, hamstring tendon, and quadriceps tendon, and allografts (also known as donor tissue or cadaver tissue). Artificial ligaments are also discussed since they are still used in Europe and Asia. This book summarizes the pros and cons of each graft option in detail.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: *Current Concepts in ACL Reconstruction* Freddie H. Fu, Steven B. Cohen (M.D.), 2008 From evaluation to outcome, *Current Concepts in ACL Reconstruction* will help you keep pace with the latest techniques for the treatment of anterior cruciate ligament injuries. This text provides the most complete and up-to-date information for the surgical reconstruction of a torn ACL including details about the newer double-bundle procedure. Both American and international perspectives on the treatment of ACL injuries are included to provide the most comprehensive review on the market today. Inside this richly illustrated text, Drs. Freddie H. Fu and Steven B. Cohen along with contributions from the world's most experienced knee surgeons review the basic science, kinematic, imaging, and injury patterns surrounding the ACL. Surgical concepts, various techniques for reconstruction, and diverse opinions on approaching the ACL are also included. *Current Concepts in ACL Reconstruction* explains the anatomical basis in order to provide the most current surgical principles to ensure the patient receives the best surgical outcomes. To reflect recent advancements in ACL treatment, the emerging double-bundle technique is comprehensively covered. The differences between the single- and double-bundle techniques are discussed with perspectives from leading international experts in double-bundle reconstruction. An accompanying video CD-ROM demonstrates the various procedures mentioned throughout the text. In addition, several of the world's most experienced surgeons provide their perspective from what they have learned by performing ACL surgery for over 25 years, along with their insight into the future treatment of ACL injuries. What you will want to learn more about: - Differences between single- and double-bundle reconstruction techniques - Outcomes of single- and double-bundle reconstruction - Pediatric ACL reconstruction - Gender differences in ACL injury - Radiographic imaging - Computer navigation assistance for ACL reconstruction - Injury patterns of the ACL - Graft choices in ACL surgery - Revision ACL surgery - Postoperative rehabilitation after ACL reconstruction - Outcome measures to assess success after surgery *Current Concepts in ACL*

Reconstruction answers the need for a comprehensive information source on the treatment of ACL injuries. Orthopedic residents and surgeons will be prepared with this thorough review of ACL reconstruction by their side.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction Michael J. Alaia, Kristofer J. Jones, 2022-06-02 Anterior cruciate ligament reconstruction is one of the most common procedures performed in sports medicine centers. However, these procedures can carry a long-term failure rate as high as 5-15%, and when these procedures fail, revision is significantly more complex. Considerable factors need to be assessed in patients that are indicated for surgery, as revisions carry a higher failure rate and potentially less optimal outcomes and return to sport and activity. These factors include, but are not limited to, the status of the meniscus, overall alignment, graft options, placement of prior implants or tunnels, collateral ligament quality, and whether or not the revision must be staged into two procedures. This text provides a comprehensive, case-based presentation of the most efficient and practical treatment algorithms for patients in need of revision ACL repair and reconstruction. Opening chapters discuss the initial patient work-up, radiography, surgical indications, graft options, and pre-operative considerations and preparations. The main portion of the book then describes both common factors leading to revision surgery as well as the surgical techniques themselves, illustrated via plentiful operative photos and vivid clinical case material. The management of osteolysis, ligamentous laxity, extra-articular tenodesis, plane correction, and meniscus deficiency, among others, are discussed in detail. Special populations, such as the pediatric patient, the elite athlete and the female athlete, are discussed as well. Shedding light on this challenging surgical repair, Revision Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction is the go-to resource for sports medicine and orthopedic surgeons, knee specialists and residents and fellows in these areas.

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Failure Rates And Functional Outcomes Of Allograft And Autograft Bone-Patellar Tendon-Bone (BPTB) Anterior Cruciate Ligament Reconstruction In Patients, 2017 INTRODUCTION: The controversy of allograft versus autograft bone-patellar tendon-bone anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) reconstruction is highly debated in the literature. While allografts offer the benefits of decreased morbidity due to graft harvest (e.g. anterior knee pain, patella fracture, weakness), shorter surgical times, and faster recovery, others suggest allograft failure rates are 3-4 time greater than autograft and result in greater knee laxity and worse functional outcomes particularly in younger patients. The purpose of this study was to investigate differences in failure rates and functional outcomes between BPTB autograft and allograft ACL reconstruction in patients

cpt code acl reconstruction with allograft: Return to Sport after ACL Reconstruction and Other Knee Operations Frank R. Noyes, Sue Barber-Westin, 2019-11-05 The wealth of information provided in this unique text will enable orthopedic surgeons, medical practitioners, physical therapists, and trainers to ensure that athletes who suffer anterior cruciate ligament (ACL) injuries, or who require major knee operations for other reasons, have the best possible chance of safely resuming sporting activity at their desired level without subsequent problems. Divided into seven thematic sections, the coverage is wide-ranging and encompasses common barriers to return to sport, return to sport decision-based models, and the complete spectrum of optimal treatment for ACL injuries, including preoperative and postoperative rehabilitation. Advanced training concepts are explained in detail, with description of sports-specific programs for soccer, basketball, and tennis. Readers will find detailed guidance on objective testing for muscle strength, neuromuscular function, neurocognitive function, and cardiovascular fitness, as well as validated assessments to identify and manage psychological issues. In addition, return to sport considerations after meniscus surgery, patellofemoral realignment, articular cartilage procedures, and knee arthroplasty are discussed. Generously illustrated and heavily referenced, Return to Sport after ACL Reconstruction and Other Knee Operations is a comprehensive resource for all medical professionals and support staff working with athletes and active patients looking to get back in the game with confidence.

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Joan Carles Monllau, 2012-12-18 This book approaches the ACL deficient knee from a different perspective than those of the previous classical ways. The common approach is the analysis of closed compartments; anatomy, biomechanics, physical findings, imaging, surgical treatment and rehabilitation. The approach of this book is completely opposite, focusing on questions, controversies, problem analyses and problem solving, besides analyzing the possibility of prevention. Therefore, in each chapter, the biomechanics, anatomy, and other areas that are relevant to the topic are reviewed. There are chapters where highly specialized surgical techniques are presented (acute ACL repair, double bundle reconstruction, chondral lesions treatment or meniscal transplant). These chapters are written by internationally renowned specialists that are pioneers in the topic analyzed. Another interesting aspect of this book are the step by step surgical techniques videos, that will allow a knee specialist to perform the technique presented by the author. Moreover, the videos will include anatomy and physical therapy techniques.

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