

beyond doubt the secularization of society

beyond doubt the secularization of society represents a significant transformation in the cultural, social, and political fabric of modern civilizations. This phenomenon describes the decline of religious influence and authority in public and private life, alongside the rise of rationalism, scientific understanding, and individualism. Secularization has reshaped institutions, values, and worldviews, impacting governance, education, and social norms. Understanding the multifaceted nature of secularization requires examining its historical development, causes, effects, and contemporary manifestations. This article explores these dimensions in detail, providing a comprehensive analysis of beyond doubt the secularization of society and its implications for the future. The following sections outline the key aspects of this complex social evolution.

- Historical Context of Secularization
- Causes Driving the Secularization of Society
- Manifestations of Secularization in Modern Life
- Impacts of Secularization on Social Institutions
- Challenges and Critiques of Secularization Theory

Historical Context of Secularization

The process of secularization did not emerge overnight but developed gradually over centuries. Its roots can be traced back to the Enlightenment era, when reason and scientific inquiry began to challenge traditional religious dogmas and authority. The Reformation also played a crucial role by

decentralizing religious power and promoting individual interpretation of scriptures. Over time, industrialization, urbanization, and modernization further contributed to reducing the church's social dominance. This section delves into the historical milestones that mark the shift from a predominantly religious society to one increasingly governed by secular norms and institutions.

Enlightenment and Rationalism

The Enlightenment period in the 17th and 18th centuries was pivotal in advancing the ideals of reason, empiricism, and skepticism toward established religious beliefs. Philosophers such as Voltaire, Kant, and Locke advocated for the separation of church and state and emphasized human rights and scientific progress. These intellectual movements laid the groundwork for secular governance and a society less reliant on religious authority.

The Role of Industrialization and Urbanization

Industrialization and urbanization transformed social structures and lifestyles, accelerating secularization. As people moved to cities for work, traditional community ties and religious practices often weakened. The rise of education and literacy introduced new ideas that questioned religious explanations of the world, promoting secular worldviews based on science and technology.

Causes Driving the Secularization of Society

Beyond doubt the secularization of society is driven by a combination of social, cultural, and intellectual factors. This section examines the primary causes that have led to the diminishing role of religion in public and private spheres, highlighting how modernization, pluralism, and scientific advancements contribute to this ongoing transformation.

Modernization and Technological Progress

Modernization encompasses economic development, technological innovation, and social change that collectively reduce reliance on religious explanations. Advances in medicine, communication, and transportation have altered human experiences and priorities, often displacing traditional religious worldviews.

Religious Pluralism and Diversity

The increasing religious diversity within societies has challenged the dominance of any single faith tradition, fostering a more secular public space. Pluralism promotes tolerance and coexistence but also diminishes the absolute authority of religious institutions, encouraging secular norms in governance and law.

Rise of Individualism

Contemporary societies emphasize individual rights, freedom of thought, and personal autonomy. This cultural shift encourages people to form their own beliefs rather than adhering strictly to inherited religious doctrines, contributing to secularization.

Manifestations of Secularization in Modern Life

The secularization of society manifests in various domains, reflecting the reduced influence of religion in everyday life. This section outlines key areas where secular values and institutions have become predominant, illustrating the tangible effects of this societal shift.

Secular Governance and Legal Systems

One of the clearest indicators of secularization is the separation of religion from state affairs.

Constitutions and laws increasingly reflect secular principles, ensuring religious neutrality and protecting freedom of belief. This development fosters inclusive governance that accommodates diverse populations.

Education and Scientific Emphasis

Public education systems prioritize scientific knowledge and critical thinking over religious instruction. Secular curricula promote empirical understanding and discourage dogmatic beliefs, shaping generations to value reason and evidence over faith.

Decline in Religious Participation

Statistical trends in many countries show decreasing rates of church attendance, religious affiliation, and participation in rituals. This decline signals a broader cultural movement toward secular identities and lifestyles.

- Reduced attendance at religious services
- Lower rates of religious affiliation and belief
- Increased acceptance of secular and humanist philosophies
- Greater reliance on science and reason for moral guidance

Impacts of Secularization on Social Institutions

Beyond doubt the secularization of society profoundly affects various social institutions, reshaping their

roles and functions. This section explores how family structures, education, politics, and law have adapted in response to declining religious influence.

Transformation of Family and Social Values

Secularization has contributed to changing family dynamics, including attitudes toward marriage, gender roles, and reproductive rights. Societal acceptance of diverse family forms and relationships often contrasts with traditional religious teachings.

Political Secularism and Public Policy

In secular societies, policymakers strive to create laws that are neutral regarding religion. This approach promotes equality and human rights but can lead to debates over the place of religion in public life and moral decision-making.

Legal Frameworks and Secular Ethics

Legal systems increasingly base judgments on secular ethics, emphasizing universal human rights and justice rather than religious doctrine. This shift ensures more inclusive and equitable treatment for all citizens, regardless of faith.

Challenges and Critiques of Secularization Theory

While beyond doubt the secularization of society is a well-observed phenomenon, it is not without its critics and complexities. Some scholars argue that secularization is uneven, reversible, or culturally specific. This section examines these debates and the ongoing relevance of religion in contemporary societies.

Resurgence of Religion in Some Contexts

Despite overall secular trends, some regions and communities experience religious revivals and increased religiosity. This suggests that secularization is not a universal or irreversible process, but one influenced by local histories and social conditions.

Limitations of Secularization Theory

Critiques highlight that secularization theory may oversimplify the relationship between religion and modernity. Religion can coexist with scientific progress and modernization, adapting rather than disappearing. The theory also sometimes fails to account for new forms of spirituality and belief.

Interplay Between Religion and Secularism

In many societies, religion and secularism interact dynamically, influencing each other. This complex relationship challenges binary assumptions and calls for nuanced understanding of how faith and secular values coexist and evolve.

Frequently Asked Questions

What does 'secularization of society' mean beyond doubt?

Beyond doubt, the secularization of society refers to the process whereby religious influence and institutions lose social, cultural, and political significance in public and private life.

What are the primary indicators of secularization in modern societies?

Primary indicators include declining religious attendance, reduced influence of religious authorities in politics, increased acceptance of scientific explanations over religious ones, and a shift towards secular values and ethics.

How has secularization impacted traditional religious practices beyond doubt?

Beyond doubt, secularization has led to a decline in traditional religious practices such as regular worship attendance, participation in rituals, and adherence to religious doctrines among many populations.

Is secularization synonymous with atheism or non-belief beyond doubt?

No, beyond doubt secularization is not synonymous with atheism; it primarily involves the separation of religion from public institutions and a decrease in religious authority, but individuals may still hold personal religious beliefs.

What role does education play in the secularization of society beyond doubt?

Beyond doubt, education, especially scientific and critical thinking education, plays a significant role in secularization by promoting rational inquiry and reducing reliance on religious explanations for natural and social phenomena.

Additional Resources

1. *The Secular Age* by Charles Taylor

This landmark work explores the transformation of Western society from a time when belief in God was unchallenged to an age where faith is just one option among many. Taylor delves into the historical, philosophical, and cultural shifts that led to secularization, offering a nuanced understanding of how modern secular societies function. His analysis bridges theology, philosophy, and sociology to explain why secularism is both pervasive and complex.

2. *Religion and the Rise of Modern Culture* by Louis Dupré

Dupré examines how religious ideas have influenced the emergence of modern secular culture. The book traces the interplay between faith and secularism, showing that secularization did not simply erase religion but transformed its role in society. It provides a deep philosophical reflection on the coexistence of sacred and secular values in contemporary life.

3. *God Is Dead: Secularization in the West* by Steve Bruce

Steve Bruce offers a sociological perspective on the decline of religious belief and practice in Western societies. He argues that secularization is an inevitable consequence of modernization and rationalization processes. The book provides empirical evidence to support the thesis that religion's societal authority has diminished significantly over time.

4. *The Disenchantment of the World* by Marcel Gauchet

Gauchet explores the historical process through which Western societies moved away from religious explanations of the world toward secular rationality. He discusses the political and social implications of this "disenchantment," emphasizing how secularization reshaped human self-understanding and governance. The book is a profound meditation on the consequences of secular modernity.

5. *Religion and Secularization: Historical and Sociological Perspectives* by Hans Joas and Klaus Wiegandt

This collection of essays brings together leading scholars to analyze secularization from multiple angles, including historical development, sociological theory, and contemporary trends. It highlights the complexity and diversity of secularization processes across different cultures. The volume challenges simplistic views and encourages a more differentiated understanding of secularization.

6. *Secularization: In Defense of an Unfashionable Theory* by Steve Bruce

In this book, Steve Bruce reaffirms the secularization thesis against its critics, presenting a robust defense grounded in sociological data. He argues that secularization remains the dominant trend in modern societies despite fluctuations in religious vitality. The work critically engages with alternative theories and defends the continuing relevance of secularization studies.

7. *The End of Faith: Religion, Terror, and the Future of Reason* by Sam Harris

Harris critiques the role of religion in contemporary society and advocates for a move toward secular reason and scientific understanding. While not solely about secularization, the book highlights the challenges religious belief poses to modern secular values. It is a provocative call for embracing secularism as a means to promote peace and rational discourse.

8. *Faith No More: Why People Reject Religion* by Phil Zuckerman

Zuckerman explores the reasons behind the growing number of people who identify as non-religious or secular. Drawing on sociological research, he examines cultural, social, and personal factors contributing to secularization. The book offers insight into the lived experiences of secular individuals and the broader societal implications.

9. *Secularism and Its Critics* by Rajeev Bhargava

This work critically assesses secularism's role in contemporary societies, addressing both its achievements and controversies. Bhargava discusses how secularism interacts with religion in pluralistic contexts, emphasizing the need for a nuanced approach. The book contributes to debates about the future of secularism amid global religious diversity.

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beyond doubt the secularization of society: Beyond Doubt Isabella Kasselstrand, Phil Zuckerman, Ryan T. Cragun, 2023-05-09 By formalizing secularization theory and providing robust empirical evidence that religion is declining in light of modernization, Beyond Doubt is the strongest argument to date for secularization around the world, addressing common criticisms and claimed exceptions along the way--

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Position Papers – November 2023 Position Papers Team, Editorial Gavan Jennings In Passing: 9/10 draft of Burke article (Part One) Michael Kirke Studying irreligion in Ireland Tim O’Sullivan Religious decline in America James Bradshaw Mass Exodus revisited Margaret Hickey When a sense of mission declines: the lesson of the USA James Bradshaw Whence Secularity? Patrick Gorevan A dubious defence of the secularisation thesis Gavan Jennings

beyond doubt the secularization of society: 'Cult' Rhetoric in the 21st Century Aled Thomas, Edward Graham-Hyde, 2024-06-13 Examining contemporary understandings of the term 'cult', this book brings together scholars from multiple disciplines, including sociology, anthropology and religious studies. Focusing on how 'cult rhetoric' affects our perceptions of new religious movements, the contributors explore how these minority groups have developed and deconstruct the language we use to describe them. Ranging from the 'Cult of Trump' and 'Cult of COVID', to the campaigns of mass media, this book recognises that contemporary 'cult rhetoric' has become hybridised and suggests a more nuanced study of contemporary religion. Topics include online religions, political 'cults', 'apostate' testimony and the current 'othered' position of the study of minority religions.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Christian Nationalism and the Paradox of Secularism Andrew Fiala, 2025-05-08 Christian nationalism is a backlash against the success of secularism and the growth of nonreligion. Its proponents go so far as to claim that secularism is diabolical. This rejection of secularism poses a significant challenge for secular systems, which aim to be inclusive of diverse religious ideas. This book explains the depth of this challenge while recounting the views of Christian nationalists, including Donald Trump. It shows how key figures in the American tradition—Adams, Jefferson, Madison, and others—promoted political secularism. It uses Christian theology and modern political philosophy to argue in defence of secularism and against Christian nationalism.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Sociology of Religion Kevin J. Christiano, Peter Kivisto, William H. Swatos, Jr., 2025-04-15 Sociology of Religion, Fourth Edition introduces students to the nature and function of religious institutions and practices while asking sociological questions about the changing role of religion in today's "post-traditional" world. Broken into three parts, the book opens with the basics of religious history and a review of key theories for its study. Part II, "Religion and Social Differentiation," examines the intersections of ethnicity, class, gender, and sexuality with spirituality today, and Part III, "Religion, Culture, and Change," explores religious inspirations for, or impediments to, social change. Throughout the text, boxes illuminate key concepts and suggestions for further reading allow for ongoing exploration of key themes and topics. New to the Fourth Edition: · Chapter 9, "Politicized Religion and Conflict," presents a comparative look at religious extremism and its global risks · Updated and expanded content on ethnicity and religion aids students in better understanding increasingly diverse societies · Greater focus on religion's significance in current debates over gender roles and sexuality offers a framework for exploring contemporary conflicts. · Updated and expanded discussion of religion and the media explores the history of their relationship and how it is being reconfigured in a media-saturated age.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: A Full-Hearted Life Jake Owensby, 2024-12-03 Meaningful answers for life's big questions. Everyone must ask life's big questions. Even people who reject any hint of the supernatural and insist that nothing exists apart from matter will have to find meaning for themselves. To put this another way, the defining mark of our secular age is not the absence of belief, but rather the effect on our consciousness of the sheer number of competing belief systems. That effect is fragilization. And so, belief is fragile. We don't have to believe what we believe. We could believe something else entirely. This book articulates how believing in Jesus gives us a sense of who we are, why we're here, what the good life is, and how to move toward that good life. This is not traditional apologetics, offering logical proofs that God exists or that Jesus is God incarnate or that all those alternative belief systems are false. Put simply, the aim of this book is to help you see for yourself and to explain to others how Christian belief and Christian practice can make life meaningful. If you want to know what it looks and feels like to be a Christian, read this book. If, as a Christian, you could use a little encouragement, look no further." —The Rt. Rev. Mariann Edgar Budde, Bishop of the Episcopal Diocese of Washington DC, author of How We Learn to Be Brave: Decisive Moments in Life and Faith

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Postcolonial Theory and the Making of Hindu Nationalism Meera Nanda, 2025-06-06 This book tells the story of two strange bedfellows,

the Postcolonial Left and the Hindu Right. It argues that the Postcolonial Left's relentless attacks on the "epistemic violence" of Western norms of rationality and modernity are providing the conceptual vocabulary for the Hindu Right's project of "decolonizing the Hindu mind." The postcolonial project of "provincializing Europe" is widely shared by the Hindu Right, and harks back to the Hindu revivalist movements of the nineteenth century. This book argues that postcolonial thought in India bears a strong family resemblance, in context and content, with the "conservative revolution" that brought down the Weimar Republic in Germany before the Nazi takeover. Both an intellectual history of India through the last half-century and a critical engagement with postcolonial theory, this book will be of interest to scholars of South Asia and the humanities and social sciences at large.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: *When the Lords House Closes* Delgado, 2025-07
This chapter sets the stage for the book and follows a conventional path, increasing the likelihood of reader engagement and that it will influence community practice, which quite frankly, is the bottom-line. I do not subscribe to the axiom of advancing knowledge for the sake of knowledge. I am much too practical! Some readers, however, may beg to differ. Books challenge readers to entertain new ways of thinking on a subject, supplying a rationale for the subject's importance. Books need major time, financial, and intellectual commitment to a subject, bringing heightened expectations and serving as a key motivator for action. Readers have a right to have lofty expectations from a book because of the time invested, and that must be confirmed and met by an author! It is impossible for an author to suspend their experiences and worldviews from the task of writing a 300 or so page document. The more an author uplifts their values, motivations, biases, limitations, and experiences (both good and bad), it allows readers to have a better grasp of why a topic is framed in a particular manner. This stance ascends in significance in this journey and more so when it covers religion. Readers may ask about my personal stands on religion, religious beliefs, and houses of worship. More specifically, although raised Catholic up to my late teenage years, I am a member of a Church of Christ congregation because of the values that this church embraces. This church, too, is facing its challenges with dwindling congregations and closures. Suffice it to say, I respect people's religious/spiritual beliefs that are different from mine, although I am not a very religious person by nature, it is fair to say--

beyond doubt the secularization of society: *The Routledge International Handbook of Changes in Human Perceptions and Behaviors* Kanako Taku, Todd K. Shackelford, 2024-06-28
The Routledge International Handbook of Changes in Human Perceptions and Behaviors is the first edited volume to present multidisciplinary perspectives on various aspects of changes that humans experience. The handbook is designed to highlight the different contents, types, ways, meanings, applications, and moments of changes that have been recognized by experts in various fields within the life and social sciences. Comprised of four sections, the chapters address changes in a variety of contexts related to human perceptions and behaviors; the moment of change and fluctuations; changes in applied settings; and the meaning of changes, including resistance to change. Written by a range of expert international contributors, the book brings together discussions and insights about how different levels and types of changes in human perceptions, attitudes, beliefs, values, and behaviors have been studied and considered in diverse fields. It also explores the various mechanisms that account for changes, exploring how and when changes occur and what changes mean to humans. Relevant for empirical and theoretical work, the handbook will be of great interest to researchers, academics, and postgraduate students across psychology, behavioral sciences, and social sciences.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: *Sacred Subdivisions* Justin Wilford, 2012-11-19
In an era where church attendance has reached an all-time low, recent polling has shown that Americans are becoming less formally religious and more promiscuous in their religious commitments. Within both mainline and evangelical Christianity in America, it is common to hear of secularizing pressures and increasing competition from nonreligious sources. Yet there is a kind of religious institution that has enjoyed great popularity over the past thirty years: the evangelical megachurch. Evangelical megachurches not only continue to grow in number, but also in cultural,

political, and economic influence. To appreciate their appeal is to understand not only how they are innovating, but more crucially, where their innovation is taking place. In this groundbreaking and interdisciplinary study, Justin G. Wilford argues that the success of the megachurch is hinged upon its use of space: its location on the postsuburban fringe of large cities, its fragmented, dispersed structure, and its focus on individualized spaces of intimacy such as small group meetings in homes, which help to interpret suburban life as religiously meaningful and create a sense of belonging. Based on original fieldwork at Rick Warren's Saddleback Church, one of the largest and most influential megachurches in America, *Sacred Subdivisions* explains how evangelical megachurches thrive by transforming mundane secular spaces into arenas of religious significance.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Handbook of the Geographies of Religion

Lily Kong, Orlando Woods, Justin K.H. Tse, 2024-12-02 This international and interdisciplinary handbook offers a comprehensive and an in-depth overview of contemporary research, theory, and practice in the geographies of religion in various parts of the world and with different populations. The book showcases the major theoretical interventions in the field and the debates about the existential constitution of sacred space and what this means for secularization. It outlines the most significant geographical themes related to these new developments, with their implications for how to think about landscapes, space, bodies, and worlds. The book also discusses the future of the field, especially in the realms of encounters and ethics, economies and markets, institutions and organisations, movements and migrations, and media and mediums. It also offers views from disciplines outside of geography, including from sociology, anthropology, religious studies, and media and communications, which demonstrates the contributions of geographers of religion to wider intellectual conversations and debates.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Disconnection and Cancel Culture

Robert Hartmann McNamara, 2025-08-11 Taking a sociological approach, this timely book explains the significance, development, and impact of cancel culture. Robert McNamara discusses the popular phenomenon of 'Karens' and their male counterparts, often known as 'Kyles,' 'Kevins,' or 'Kens', demonstrating how they are symptomatic of a larger trend in American society.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Jesus Springs

William J. Schultz, 2025-09-10 In the years after World War II, American evangelicals flocked to the once-sleepy mountain town of Colorado Springs. Drawn by cheap property, beautiful scenery, and the encouragement of civic leaders who saw religion as a path to prosperity, evangelicals planted new churches and built religious nonprofits with a global reach. They preached their message in churches and schools, even in the United States Air Force Academy. Their efforts transformed the city into what some called the "Evangelical Vatican" and others dubbed "Jesus Springs." But in the early 1990s, as the evangelical movement shifted its focus from saving souls to securing political and economic power, relations between the movement and the local community fractured. Today the city faces the prospect of reinvention, grappling with the challenges of America's fast-changing religious landscape. Jesus Springs reveals the power and influence of American evangelicalism within the nation's spiritual economy. Linking the Cold War and the culture wars, William J. Schultz tracks how a deluge of defense spending helped Colorado Springs become the organizational heart of American evangelicalism. This story, taking place as evangelicalism transformed from a primarily religious movement into the social and political force we know today, illuminates the movement's potential impact as its participants seek ever-greater power.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: The Non-Religious and the State

Jeffrey Tyssens, Niels De Nutte, Stefan Schröder, 2024-06-25

beyond doubt the secularization of society: The Routledge Handbook of Religion and Journalism Kerstin Radde-Antweiler, Xenia Zeiler, 2020-10-29 The Routledge Handbook of Religion and Journalism is an outstanding reference source to the key topics, challenges, past and present global issues and debates in this exciting subject. The first collection of its kind, this volume comprises over 25 chapters by a team of international contributors. This Handbook is divided into five parts, each taking global developments in the field into account: Theoretical Reflections Power

and Authority Conflict, Radicalization and Populism Dialogue and Peacebuilding Trends Within these sections, central issues, debates and developments are examined, including religious and secular press; ethics; globalization; gender; datafication; differentiation; journalistic religious literacy; race and religious extremism. This volume is essential reading for students and researchers in journalism and religious studies. This Handbook will also be very useful for those in related fields, such as sociology, communication studies, media studies and area studies.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Hidden Threads Russell Heddendorf, Matthew Vos, 2009-12-08 Hidden Threads: A Christian Critique of Sociological Theory, provides a framework for making sense of the social world. Heddendorf finds in sociological theories some hidden threads - Christian principles woven into the fabric of society. Early Christian thought was radical in its approach to social life. Jesus provided a different concept of the person, and encouraged his followers to act upon this new understanding. Thus, in the early centuries after Christ, Christian social thought was a dynamic, positive, social force, but today the situation differs. Many Christians readily accept current interpretations of problems as valid. Consequently, in response to these modern explanations, Christians develop a form of secularized thought which supports popular solutions and fails to critically engage with the real issues of the day. Hidden Threads is an examination and Christian critique of sociological theory, demonstrating appreciation for the richness of social life and holding in tension those theories that attempt to explain it.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: Post-Multiculturalism, Religion and Recognition Thomas Sealy, 2025-06-17 This book examines the evolving relationship between multiculturalism, religion and diversity in Western Europe, proposing a shift towards a post-multicultural approach to address religious and secular pluralism. The author responds to criticisms of multiculturalism's approach to public religion, including perceived group reification and limited focus on intra-group domination, gender and sexuality equalities. Through a critical dialogue between multicultural theory and political theology, the book offers an original framework for post-multicultural recognition. Enriching multiculturalism by integrating religious reason and institutional pluralism, this book contributes crucial new insights to debates on religion, equality and diversity in public life.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: The Geriatric Peace Haas, 2023-08 This chapter explores the causes of population aging (diminishing fertility levels and rising life expectancies) and why it is inevitable in most countries. It then discusses the book's four main hypotheses. Advanced stages of population aging will significantly reduce states' capacity (or military capabilities) to war while increasing leaders' and citizens' preferences for peace (Hypothesis 1). Because of aging's impact on capabilities and preferences, demographically old countries will be less likely to initiate wars than will younger ones (Hypothesis 2). If an aged country does initiate war, the effects of aging will create major barriers to military success (Hypothesis 3). Finally, the effects of population aging will help prevent a power transition between the United States and China (Hypothesis 4). Although the United States confronts major challenges created by its aging population, it is significantly better shape in this area than is China. Population aging, as a result, will be a potent force for the continuation of US relative power dominance. The chapter concludes with analyses of: the book's contributions to the literature, counterarguments and their problems, operationalization of variables, and case selection criteria-- Provided by publisher.

beyond doubt the secularization of society: The Shape of Spirituality Dick Houtman, Galen Watts, 2024-10-15 Around 20 percent of Americans fall into the category of "spiritual but not religious." Yoga has become a ubiquitous pastime for middle-class Westerners. Mindfulness is increasingly incorporated into school curricula, sports programs, and even corporate culture. Hollywood icons and Silicon Valley trendsetters tout the benefits of a "spiritual" life. These developments reflect a widespread turn away from "religion" toward "spirituality." Yet the nature of this spiritual turn is still poorly understood, and its consequences sorely underappreciated. The Shape of Spirituality brings together leading sociologists to challenge common notions that spirituality is individualistic, privatized, and apolitical—and to make the definitive case for its social

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